# REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE KENTON COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006



## CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

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#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

### AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE KENTON COUNTY FISCAL COURT

#### June 30, 2006

The Auditor of Public Accounts has completed the audit of the Kenton County Fiscal Court for fiscal year ended June 30, 2006.

The financial statements of Kenton Housing, Inc., a discretely presented component unit, have been audited by other auditors; and their report has been provided to us. The financial statements of the Kenton County Golf Course, a major enterprise fund, have also been audited by other auditors; and their report has been provided to us. Financial statements for both have been prepared under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which is inconsistent with the basis of accounting Kenton County, Kentucky, uses to prepare its financial statements. As a result, we have issued a qualified opinion on the discretely presented component unit and the major enterprise fund.

We have also issued unqualified opinions, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors on the governmental activities, each major governmental fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Kenton County, Kentucky.

We have issued an unqualified opinion on Kenton County's compliance with requirements applicable to each of its major federal programs. The federal program audited was Help America Vote Act (CFDA #90.401).

#### **Financial Condition:**

The fiscal court had total net assets of \$72,413,509 as of June 30, 2006. The fiscal court had unrestricted net assets of \$14,441,988 in its governmental activities as of June 30, 2006, with total net assets of \$69,836,590. In its business-type activities, total net cash and cash equivalents were \$262,694 with total net assets of \$2,576,919. The fiscal court's discretely presented component unit had total net assets of \$6,988,803 as of June 30, 2006. The discretely presented component unit had unrestricted net cash and cash equivalents of \$1,022,802. The fiscal court had total debt principal as of June 30, 2006 of \$42,955,000 with \$3,055,000 due within the next year.

#### **Report Comments:**

- 2006-1 The County Judge/Executive Should Receive His Statutory Maximum
- 2006-2 The County Should Secure A Contract Between Themselves And Other Governmental Entities For Whom County Employees Are Performing Financial Services

#### **Deposits:**

The fiscal court's deposits were insured and collateralized by bank securities or bonds.

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## CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Jonathan Miller, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Ralph Drees, Kenton County Judge/Executive
Members of the Kenton County Fiscal Court

#### Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Kenton County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Kenton County Fiscal Court. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Kenton County Golf Course, which represent 100% of the assets and revenues of the business-type activities and major enterprise fund. We also did not audit the financial statements of Kenton Housing, Inc., which represent 100% of the assets and revenues of the discretely presented component unit. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Kenton County Golf Course and Kenton Housing, Inc., is based on the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the Audit Guide for Fiscal Court Audits issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the reports of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As described in Note 1, Kenton County, Kentucky, prepares its financial statements on a prescribed basis of accounting that demonstrates compliance with the modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The financial statements of the Kenton County Golf Course, an enterprise fund and Kenton Housing, Inc., a discretely presented component unit, are presented in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting and therefore include certain accruals required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America that are not presented in accordance with the modified cash basis. The amounts by which these accruals affect the financial statements is not reasonably determinable.



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In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, except for the effects of such adjustments, if any, as might have been determined had the Kenton County Golf Course and Kenton Housing, Inc., been prepared using the same basis of accounting as Kenton County, Kentucky, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, and the major enterprise fund of Kenton County, Kentucky as of June 30, 2006 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

In addition, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major governmental fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information for Kenton County, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Kenton County, Kentucky's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, combining fund financial statements, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated November 7, 2007 on our consideration of Kenton County, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

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Jonathan Miller, Secretary
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Members of the Kenton County Fiscal Court

Based on the results of our audit, we present the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, included herein, which discusses the following report comments:

2006-1 The County Judge/Executive Should Receive His Statutory Maximum

2006-2 The County Should Secure A Contract Between Themselves And Other Governmental Entities For Whom County Employees Are Performing Financial Services

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

November 7, 2007

#### **KENTON COUNTY OFFICIALS**

#### For The Year Ended June 30, 2006

#### **Fiscal Court Members:**

Ralph A. Drees County Judge/Executive

Barbara Black Commissioner

Dan Humpert Commissioner

Adam Koenig Commissioner

#### **Other Elected Officials:**

Garry Edmondson County Attorney

Terrance Carl Jailer

William Aylor County Clerk

Karen Linn Circuit Court Clerk

Charles L. Korzenborn Sheriff

Merrick Krey Property Valuation Administrator

David Suetholz Coroner

#### **Appointed Personnel:**

Ivan Frye County Treasurer

Melissa Maschinot Occupational Tax Collector

Brenda Spare Finance Officer

#### KENTON COUNTY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FYE 6/30/06

The management of Kenton County, Kentucky offers readers of Kenton County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Kenton County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with other information that we have furnished in our letter of transmission and the notes to the financial statements.

#### **Financial Highlights**

At the close of the current fiscal year, the Kenton County balance sheet reported fund balances of \$18,007,762; of this amount \$551,083 is reserved for encumbrances, leaving an unreserved fund balance of \$17,456,679 available for spending at the government's discretion.

In its enterprise fund (the Golf Fund), cash and cash equivalents were \$262,694 with total assets of \$4,935,996.

Kenton County's total net assets were \$72,413,509 as of June 30, 2006, an increase of \$3,255,767 over the previous year.

In its governmental activities, Kenton County's total indebtedness at the close of fiscal year June 30, 2006 was \$41,200,000, a reduction of \$2,545,000 from 2005.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This management discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Kenton County's basic financial statements. Kenton County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

With the implementation of GASB 34 reporting requirements it has been determined that Kenton Housing, Inc. (dba Rosedale Manor Nursing Home) is a component unit of the county and Kenton Housing, Inc. is discretely presented in the county's financial statements. Because Kenton Housing, Inc. has a different fiscal year from the county and their financial records are on a modified accrual basis, as is the Kenton County Golf Course, the State Auditor has issued a "Qualified Opinion" on these audits simply because of the different accounting method. **This opinion is not a reflection on the financial condition of Kenton County or the presentation of its financial statements.** The county uses the cash basis of accounting as prescribed by the Kentucky State Local Finance Officer in accordance with KRS 68.210.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)**

Government-wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Kenton County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Assets* presents information on all of Kenton County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net assets*. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Kenton County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported on a modified cash basis of accounting. Basis of accounting is a reference to when financial events are recorded, such as the timing for recognizing revenues, expenses, and related assets and liabilities.

Under the county's modified cash basis of accounting, revenues and expenses and related assets and liabilities are recorded when they result from a cash transaction, except for the recording of depreciation expenses on capital assets in the government-wide financial statements for all activities and in the fund financial statements for the proprietary fund financial statements.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as amounts billed for services provided, but not collected) and accounts payable (expenses for goods and services received but not paid) or compensated absences are not recorded.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). Kenton County's governmental activities include general governmental, protection to persons and property, roads, recreation, and social services. The County has one business type activity - the operation of three county golf courses.

The government-wide financial statements include not only Kenton County itself (known as the primary government), but also legally separate entities, which have a significant operational or financial relationship with the County. Kenton County has two such entities, the Kenton County Golf Course Fund that is presented as a blended component unit and Rosedale Manor Nursing Home presented as a discrete component unit.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)**

**Fund Financial Statements.** A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Kenton County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Kenton County can be divided into two broad categories: *governmental funds and proprietary funds*.

**Governmental Funds.** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current inflows and outflows of resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's current financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's current financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Kenton County maintains five major governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the government fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Road Fund, Jail Fund, Occupational License Tax Fund (COLT), and Debt Service Fund, all of which are considered major funds by the County. Local Government Economic Assistance Fund (LGEA), Community Development Block Grant Fund (CDBG), Special Police Fund, Jail Canteen Fund, and the Bond Proceeds Fund are considered non-major funds and are represented in a combined form.

Kenton County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its major governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each of these funds to demonstrate compliance with their budgets.

**Proprietary Funds.** Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the business-type activities column on the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Kenton County Golf Course.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)**

**Notes to the Financial Statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### Government-wide Financial Analysis.

**Net Assets.** Net assets may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position and is more reflective of the government's financial health when viewed over time.

Table 1
Kenton County Net Assets

	Governmental		Business	S			
	Acti	vities	Activities	S	Total		
	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	
Assets							
Current and other Assets	\$ 19,410,699	\$ 20,580,691	\$ 597,333 \$	348,387 \$	5 20,008,032	\$ 20,929,078	
Capital assets	91,123,900	90,455,899	4,144,392	4,587,609	95,268,292	95,043,508	
Total Assets	110,534,599	111,036,590	4,741,725	4,935,996	115,276,324	115,972,586	
Liabilities							
Current and other liabilities		2,645,000	618,581	1,014,077	618,581	3,659,077	
Long-term liabilities	43,745,000	38,555,000	1,755,000	1,345,000	45,500,000	39,900,000	
Total Liabilities	43,745,000	41,200,000	2,373,581	2,359,077	46,118,581	43,559,077	
Net Assets							
Invested in capital assets, net							
of related debt	47,378,900	53,842,160	2,185,856	2,460,409	49,564,756	56,302,569	
Restricted	2,871,415	1,552,442	879,254	879,254	3,750,669	2,431,696	
Unrestricted	16,539,283	14,441,988	(696,966)	(762,744)	15,842,317	13,679,244	
Total net assets	\$ 66,789,598	\$ 69,836,590	\$ 2,368,144 \$	2,576,919 \$	69,157,742	\$ 72,413,509	

Key elements of governmental activities are as follows:

- Current assets and cash increased by \$1,169,992.
- Investment in capital assets, net of related debt increased by \$6,463,260. Net assets for the end of 2005 were restated (increased by \$7,541,226) mainly to reflect the completion of inventory and addition of infrastructure assets to the county assets list as required by GASB 34.
- Current and long-term liabilities decreased by \$2,545,000.

Key elements of business-type activities are as follows:

- Current assets and cash decreased by \$248,946.
- Investment in capital assets, net of related debt increased \$274,553.
- Current and long-term liabilities decreased \$14,504.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis (Continued)**

Table 2
Statement of Activities Comparison

	Governmental Activities			<b>Business-type Activities</b>				
Expenses:	2005	2006	Variance	2005	2006	Variance		
General Government	\$11,388,416	\$11,918,346	\$ 529,930	\$ 2,428,906	\$ 2,480,723	\$ 51,817		
Protection to Persons and Property	9,826,691	9,665,938	(160,753)			-		
General Health and Sanitation	1,968,790	1,948,084	(20,706)			-		
Social Services	1,020,726	1,105,220	84,494			-		
Recreation and Culture	773,149	719,918	(53,231)			-		
Bus Service	7,209,092	7,208,932	(160)			-		
Roads	2,851,289	2,757,088	(94,201)			-		
Transportation Facilities	150,001	283,591	133,590			-		
Road Facilities	996,221	1,029,817	33,596			-		
Debt Service	3,082,282	1,685,861	(1,396,421)			-		
Capital Projects	1,186,475	1,126,956	(59,519)					
Total Expenses	40,453,132	39,449,751	(1,003,381)	2,428,906	2,480,723	51,817		
Revenues:								
Charges for Services	4,852,353	3,651,662	(1,200,691)	2,488,386	2,386,212	(102,174)		
Operating Grants and Contributions	6,345,153	8,509,085	2,163,932			-		
Capital Grants and Contributions	1,185,309	1,963,542	778,233			-		
General Revenues	26,495,264	28,372,454	1,877,190	20,766	303,286	282,520		
Change in Net Assets	(1,575,053)	3,046,992	4,622,045	80,246	208,775	128,529		
Beginning Net Assets	68,364,651	66,789,598	(1,575,053)	2,287,898	2,368,144	80,246		
Ending Net Assets	\$66,789,598	\$69,836,590	\$ 3,046,992	\$ 2,368,144	\$ 2,576,919	\$ 208,775		

#### Changes in Net Assets.

*Governmental Activities.* Kenton County's net assets increased by \$3,046,992 in fiscal year 2006. Key elements are as follows:

- Revenues were \$42,496,743 as reflected in the Statement of Activities.
- Expenses totaled \$39,449,751 as reflected in the Statement of Activities.

*Business-type Activities*. Net assets of the Kenton County Golf Courses increased by \$208,775 in fiscal year 2006. Key elements of this are as follows:

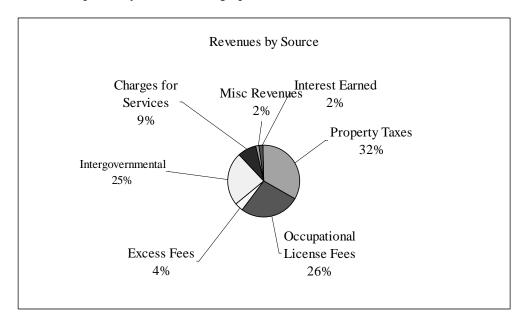
- Revenues were \$2,689,498 as reflected in the Statement of Activities.
- Expenses totaled \$2,480,723 as reflected in the Statement of Activities.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis (Continued)**

#### **Changes in Net Assets (Continued)**

#### Revenues

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, revenues for the primary government totaled \$42,496,743. These revenues are depicted by source in the graph below.

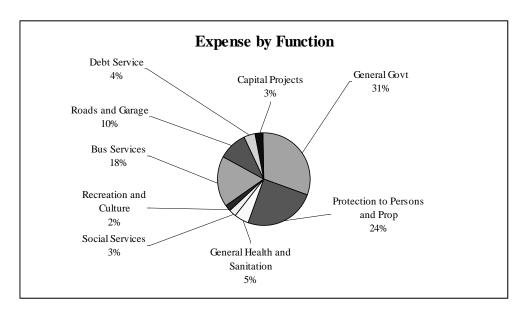


#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis (Continued)**

#### **Changes in Net Assets (Continued)**

#### **Expenses**

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, expenses for the primary government totaled \$39,449,751. These expenses are depicted by major function in the graph below.



#### Financial Analysis of the County's Funds.

As noted earlier, Kenton County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds Overview. The focus of Kenton County governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the June 30, 2006 fiscal year, the combined ending fund balance of County governmental funds was \$18,007,762. Of this amount, \$551,083 is reserved for encumbrances. The remaining is available as working capital and for current spending in accordance with the purposes of the specific funds.

#### Financial Analysis of the County's Funds. (Continued)

The County has five major governmental funds. These are 1) General Fund; 2) Road Fund; 3) Jail Fund; 4) Occupational License Tax Fund; 5) Debt Service Fund. There are five non-major funds. They are the Local Government Economic Assistance Fund, Community Development Block Grant Fund, Special Police Fund, Jail Canteen Fund, and the Bond Proceeds Fund.

- 1. The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Kenton County. At the end of the June 30, 2006 fiscal year, the unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$5,263,314. As a measure of liquidity, it is useful to compare unreserved fund balance to total fund expenditures and this balance represented 34.08% of the total General Fund expenditures.
- 2. The Road Fund is the fund related to county road and bridge construction and maintenance. The Road Fund required a transfer of \$4,120,852 from the General Fund for operations and had a balance of \$1,423,566 at year-end.
- 3. The Jail Fund is used to account for the operation of the County's detention center. The General Fund supplements jail operations with budget transfers; therefore, the Jail Fund balance of \$790,164 should be treated as excess General Fund transfers. Transfers of \$4,000,000 to the Jail Fund is very high and continues to be an ever-increasing burden on the County's General Fund.
- 4. The Occupational License Tax Fund accounts for the receipt of payroll and net profit license fees. These funds provide for mass transit, mental health/mental retardation, senior services, nursing, and health care and debt service on the county parking garage. The fund had a balance of \$8,097,046, which is an increase of \$1,672,132 from the previous fiscal year end.
- 5. The Debt Service Fund is used to account for bond proceeds of a bond refunding completed in 2005. The fund had a balance of \$28 at year-end.

#### Financial Analysis of the County's Funds. (Continued)

Other Governmental funds consist of the LGEA Fund that receives funds from the state for coal and mineral impact fees. These are restricted to use on coal haul road and the fund had a balance of \$16,696 at year-end. The CDBG Fund accounts for restricted purpose federal grant funds supplemented by the receipt of repayments from economic development loans and had a fund balance of \$596,908 at year-end. The Special Police Fund represents the proceeds of forfeited assets from court cases and is used only for police purposes. The fund had a balance of \$118,757 at year-end. The Jail Canteen Fund represents the proceeds from sales to inmates and the net profit is used to provide inmate health, welfare, and recreational needs. The fund had a balance of \$40,166 at year-end. The Bond Proceeds Fund had a balance of \$1,552,442 at year-end.

*Proprietary Funds Overview.* The County's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statements, but in more detail.

Kenton County has two proprietary funds, the Kenton County Golf Courses Fund and an Internal Health-Insurance Service Fund. The Golf Fund had net assets of \$2,576,919, representing an increase of \$208,775 over the previous year. The Health-Insurance Fund balance ending June 30, 2006, was \$2,184,110, all of which is held in cash and cash equivalents.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration.**

Capital Assets. Kenton County's investment in capital assets for its government and business type activities as of June 30, 2006, amounts to \$94,894,337 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements to land other than buildings, machinery and equipment, vehicles and current year infrastructure additions. The County has elected to report infrastructure assets per GASB 34 provisions.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 3 of this report.

Long-Term Debt. At the end of the 2006 fiscal year, Kenton County had total long-term debt outstanding in its governmental activities of \$41,200,000, of which \$2,645,000 is considered short-term obligations (to be paid within 1 year). Kenton County also had total long-term debt outstanding in its business-type activities of \$1,755,000, of which \$410,000 is considered short-term obligations (to be paid within 1 year). The Commonwealth of Kentucky limits the amount of debt that a unit of government can issue to two percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt limit for Kenton County is \$177,860,658, which makes the current debt only 25% of the legal issuing authority. The county had no bonds authorized but un-issued at June 30, 2006, and no issues planned for 2007. Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 5 of this report.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration.** (Continued)

*Short-Term Debt.* The county had no short-term debt other than the amount of long term debt due in the next fiscal year. The county does not have any lease or lease purchase agreements as of June 30, 2006.

#### **Requests For Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Kenton County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Kenton County Treasurer, PO Box 792 (303 Court Street), Covington, KY 41012.



## KENTON COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2006

## KENTON COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS-MODIFIED CASH BASIS

#### June 30, 2006

	P	_		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Totals	Kenton Housing, Inc. As Of December 31, 2006
ASSETS				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Current Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 17,010,663	\$ 262,694	\$ 17,273,357	\$ 1,022,802
Investments	2,809,009		2,809,009	3,608,378
Accounts Receivable (net)			, ,	1,401,412
Concession Receivable		22,000	22,000	
Inventory		63,693	63,693	16,996
Internal Receivable	372,200		372,200	
Prepaid Items	,		,	242,410
Total Current Assets	20,191,872	348,387	20,540,259	6,291,998
				·
Non-Current Assets:				
Restricted Cash				114,045
Restricted Investments				895,162
Land	12,976,500	354,885	13,331,385	,
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated	, ,	,	, ,	
Depreciation:				
Land Improvements		2,852,415	2,852,415	
Buildings and Improvements	65,438,015	561,459	65,999,474	
Driveway	,,-	2,490	2,490	
Power Carts		610,213	610,213	
Machinery and Equipment		56,806	56,806	
Furniture and Fixtures		170	170	
Vehicles and Equipment	4,509,628		4,509,628	
Infrastructure	7,531,756		7,531,756	
Note Receivable, Due In More Than One Year	388,819		388,819	
Capital Assets-Not Net of Accumulated	200,000		2 2 2 4 2 2 2	
Depreciation:				
Departmental Equipment				509,188
Furniture and Fixtures				163,371
Leasehold Improvements				421,825
Motor Vehicles				87,891
Allowance for Depreciation				(820,680)
Other Assets:				
Bond Defeasance Costs (Net Of Accumulated				
Amortization of \$220,338)		110,169	110,169	
Bond Issuance Costs (Net of Accumulated		110,100	110,100	
Amortization of \$36,923)		18,462	18,462	
Bond Discount (Net of Accumulated)		10,102	10,102	
Amortization of \$41,081)		20,540	20,540	
Total Non-Current Assets	90,844,718	4,587,609	95,432,327	1,370,802
Total Assets	111,036,590	4,935,996	115,972,586	7,662,800
1000110000	111,030,370	1,733,770	113,772,300	7,002,000

#### KENTON COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS June 30, 2006 (Continued)

	Primary Government						
	Governmental Activities		siness-Type Activities	Tota	ls	Housi A	ing, Inc. s Of er 31, 2006
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable	\$	\$	33,189	\$ 3	3,189	\$	292,182
Miscellaneous Accruals/Payables							6,538
Accrued Payroll			20,630	2	0,630		320,602
Personal Fund Account							54,675
Accrued Compensated Absences			123,223		3,223		
Other Accrued Liabilities			33,962	3	3,962		
Gift Certificates Outstanding			20,873		0,873		
Internal Payable			372,200		2,200		
Bonds Payable	2,645,000		410,000	3,05	5,000		
Total Current Liabilities	2,645,000		1,014,077	3,65	9,077		673,997
Non-Current Liabilities:							
Bonds Payable	38,555,000		1,345,000	39,90	0,000		
Total Non-Current Liabilities	38,555,000		1,345,000	39,90	0,000		
Total Liabilities	41,200,000		2,359,077	43,55	9,077		673,997
NET ASSETS							
Invested in Capital Assets,							
Net of Related Debt	53,842,160		2,460,409	56,30	2,569		
Restricted:							
For Capital Assets	1,552,442			1,55	2,442		
Other			879,254	87	9,254		
Unrestricted	14,441,988		(762,744)	13,67	9,244		6,988,803
Total Net Assets	\$ 69,836,590	\$	2,576,919	\$ 72,41	3,509	\$	6,988,803

## KENTON COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2006

### KENTON COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

#### For The Year Ended June 30, 2006

		Program Revenues Received					
Functions/Programs Reporting Entity	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions			
Primary Government:							
Governmental Activities:							
General Government	\$ 11,918,346	\$ 1,376,062	\$ 1,956,882	\$ 722,182			
Protection to Persons and Property	9,665,938	1,567,811	2,782,033	150,548			
General Health and Sanitation	1,948,084	288,481	163,654	14,017			
Social Services	1,105,220						
Recreation and Culture	719,918	38,525	3,900				
Bus Service	7,208,932		1,510,418				
Roads	2,757,088	380,783	800,923	1,076,795			
Transportation Facilities	283,591						
Road Facilities	1,029,817						
Debt Service	1,685,861		1,291,275				
Capital Projects	1,126,956						
Total Governmental Activities	39,449,751	3,651,662	8,509,085	1,963,542			
Business-type Activities:							
Golf Course	2,480,723	2,386,212					
Total Business-type Activities	2,480,723	2,386,212					
Total Primary Government	\$ 41,930,474	\$ 6,037,874	\$ 8,509,085	\$ 1,963,542			
Component Units:							
Kenton Housing, Inc	\$ 11,357,985	\$	\$ 12,240,599	\$			
Total Component Units	\$ 11,357,985	\$	\$ 12,240,599	\$			

#### General Revenues:

Taxes:

Real Property Taxes

Personal Property Taxes

Motor Vehicle Taxes

Other Taxes

Excess Fees

Unrestricted Investment Earnings

Gain on Sale of Capital Assets

Miscellaneous Revenues

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets - Beginning (Restated)

Net Assets - Ending

#### KENTON COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Continued)

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets

F							
Governmental Activities	Primary Governmen  Business-Type  Activities			Totals	Component Units		
\$ (7,863,220)	\$		\$	(7,863,220)	\$		
(5,165,546)	Φ		φ	(5,165,546)	φ		
(1,481,932)				(1,481,932)			
(1,105,220)				(1,105,220)			
(677,493)				(677,493)			
(5,698,514)				(5,698,514)			
(498,587)				(498,587)			
(283,591)				(283,591)			
(1,029,817)				(1,029,817)			
(394,586)				(394,586)			
(1,126,956)				(1,126,956)			
(25,325,462)				(25,325,462)			
		(94,511)		(94,511)			
		(94,511)		(94,511)			
(25,325,462)		(94,511)		(25,419,973)			
						882,614	
						882,614	
						002,014	
10,233,817				10,233,817			
802,705				802,705			
1,173,061				1,173,061			
13,202,210				13,202,210			
1,524,168				1,524,168			
737,523		18,610		756,133		121,472	
		257,354		257,354		242,266	
698,970		27,322		726,292			
28,372,454		303,286		28,675,740		363,738	
3,046,992		208,775		3,255,767		1,246,352	
66,789,598		2,368,144		69,157,742		5,742,451	
\$ 69,836,590	\$	2,576,919	\$	72,413,509	\$	6,988,803	



#### KENTON COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2006

## KENTON COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

#### June 30, 2006

		General Fund		Road Fund	Jail Fund		Occupational License Tax Fund	
ASSETS	-							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	5,363,680	\$	1,423,566	\$	789,464	\$	5,297,046
Investments		8,309				700		2,800,000
Due From County Golf Course								
Total Assets		5,371,989		1,423,566		790,164		8,097,046
Total Assets	_	3,371,707	_	1,423,300	-	790,104	_	8,097,040
FUND BALANCES								
Reserved for:								
Encumbrances	\$	108,675	\$	92,347	\$	84,364	\$	265,697
Unreserved:								
General Fund		5,263,314						
Special Revenue Funds				1,331,219		705,800		7,831,349
Debt Service Fund			_					
Total Fund Balances	\$	5,371,989	\$	1,423,566	\$	790,164	\$	8,097,046

# KENTON COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS June 30, 2006 (Continued)

Debt			Non-	Total			
Service			Major	Governmental			
	Fund		Funds		Funds		
					_		
\$	28	\$	1,952,769	\$	14,826,553		
					2,809,009		
			372,200		372,200		
	28		2,324,969		18,007,762		
'					_		
\$		\$		\$	551,083		
					5,263,314		
			2,324,969		12,193,337		
	28				28		
\$	28	\$	2,324,969	\$	18,007,762		

#### Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets:

Total Fund Balances	\$ 18,007,762
Amounts Reported For Governmental Activities In The Statement	
Of Net Assets Are Different Because:	
Capital Assets Used in Governmental Activities Are Not Financial Resources	
And Therefore Are Not Reported in the Funds.	119,902,099
Accumulated Depreciation	(29,446,200)
Notes Receivable	388,819
Internal Service Fund is Used by Management to Charge the Cost of Health	
Insurance to Individual Funds. The Assets and Liabilities Are Included in	
Governmental Activities on the Statement of Net Assets.	2,184,110
Long-term Debt Is Not Due and Payable in the Current Period and, Therefore,	
Is Not Reported in the Funds.	
Bonded Debt	(41,200,000)
	 _
Net Assets Of Governmental Activities	\$ 69,836,590



# KENTON COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2006

# KENTON COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

#### For The Year Ended June 30, 2006

	General Fund	Road Fund	Jail Fund	Occupational License Tax Fund
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 13,881,554	\$	\$	\$ 11,319,254
In Lieu Tax Payments	24,236			
Excess Fees	1,524,168			
Licenses and Permits	128,946			
Intergovernmental	3,744,167	1,959,187	2,320,112	1,510,418
Charges for Services	2,431,753	391,895	41,997	
Miscellaneous	1,559,967	164,442	497,520	152,643
Interest	296,878	51,771	74,537	273,514
Total Revenues	23,591,669	2,567,295	2,934,166	13,255,829
EXPENDITURES				
General Government	3,770,491			
Protection to Persons and Property	4,630,868		4,481,842	
General Health and Sanitation	534,199			1,403,140
Social Services	221,235			883,985
Recreation and Culture	27,675	656,417		
Roads		2,596,517		
Bus Services				7,208,932
Transportation Facilities and Services		133,591		
Road Facilities		1,039,572		
Debt Service				
Capital Projects	1,126,956			
Administration	5,129,071	950,617	2,000,366	151,192
Total Expenditures	15,440,495	5,376,714	6,482,208	9,647,249
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over				
Expenditures Before Other	0.151.154	(2.000.410)	(2.740.042)	2 600 500
Financing Sources (Uses)	8,151,174	(2,809,419)	(3,548,042)	3,608,580
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds From Sale Of Capital Assets		28,800		
Transfers From Other Funds	672,369	4,120,852	4,000,000	
Transfers To Other Funds	(9,657,203)		(42,543)	(1,936,448)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(8,984,834)	4,149,652	3,957,457	(1,936,448)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(833,660)	1,340,233	409,415	1,672,132
Fund Balances - Beginning	6,205,649	83,333	380,749	6,424,914
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 5,371,989	\$ 1,423,566	\$ 790,164	\$ 8,097,046

# KENTON COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Continued)

Debt Service Fund	Non- Major Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$	\$	\$ 25,200,808
Ψ	Ψ	24,236
		1,524,168
		128,946
	74,348	9,608,232
		2,865,645
25	41,545	2,416,142
116	40,707	737,523
141	156,600	42,505,700
	4,000 34,339	3,774,491 9,147,049
	34,339	1,937,339
		1,105,220
		684,092
	24,100	2,620,617
	<b>-</b> 1,100	7,208,932
		133,591
		1,039,572
4,230,861		4,230,861
		1,126,956
		8,231,246
4,230,861	62,439	41,239,966
(4,230,720)	94,161	1,265,734
4 220 150		28,800
4,229,150	(1,386,177)	13,022,371 (13,022,371)
4,229,150	(1,386,177)	28,800
7,227,130	(1,300,177)	20,000
(1,570)	(1,292,016)	1,294,534
1,598	3,616,985	16,713,228
\$ 28	\$ 2,324,969	\$ 18,007,762



## KENTON COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

#### KENTON COUNTY

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

#### For The Year Ended June 30, 2006

#### **Balance - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities:**

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 1,294,534
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of	
Activities Are Different Because Governmental Funds Report	
Capital Outlays as Expenditures. However, in the Statement of	
Activities the Cost of those Assets Is Allocated over their	
Estimated Useful Lives and Reported as Depreciation Expense.	
Capital Outlay	1,386,382
Depreciation Expense	(2,037,965)
Assets Disposed of, Net Book Value	(37,754)
Vehicles Purchased By Sheriff	26,670
Depreciation Expense on Vehicles Purchased by Sheriff	(5,337)
Internal Service Funds Are Used by Management to Charge	
the Cost of Health Insurance to Individual Funds. The Net Revenues	
(Expenses) of this Fund Are Reported with Governmental Activities.	(124,538)
Lease and Bond Principal Payments Are Expensed in the Governmental Funds	
as a Use of Current Financial Resources. These Payments Reduce Liabilities At	
The Government-Wide Level And Therefore, Have No Effect On Net Assets.	
Bond Payments	 2,545,000
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 3,046,992



#### KENTON COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2006

#### 

#### June 30, 2006

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
	Kenton County Golf Course	Health Insurance Fund	
Assets			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 262,694	\$ 2,184,110	
Concession Receivable	22,000		
Inventory Total Current Assets	63,693	2 184 110	
Total Cullent Assets	348,387	2,184,110	
Non-Current Assets:			
Capital Assets:			
Property and Equipment, Net	4,438,438		
Other Assets:			
Bond Defeasance Costs (Net of	110 160		
Accumulated Amortization of \$220,338) Bond Issuance Costs (Net of	110,169		
Accumulated Amortization of \$36,923)	18,462		
Bond Discount (Net of Accumulated	10,402		
Amortization of \$41,081)	20,540		
Total Non-Current Assets	4,587,609		
Total Assets	4,935,996	2,184,110	
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities	410.000		
Bonds Payable	410,000		
Accounts Payable	33,189		
Accrued Payroll	20,630		
Accrued Compensated Absences Other Accrued Liabilities	123,223 33,962		
Gift Certificates Outstanding	20,873		
Due To Primary Government	372,200		
Total Current Liabilities	1,014,077		
N. G. Alleria			
Non-Current Liabilities	1 245 000		
Bonds Payable	1,345,000		
Total Liabilities	2,359,077		
Net Assets			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	2,460,409		
Restricted	879,254		
Unrestricted	(762,744)	2,184,110	
Total Net Assets	\$ 2,576,919	\$ 2,184,110	



#### KENTON COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS -PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

#### KENTON COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS -PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

Kenton County Golf Course         Health Insurance Fund           Operating Revenues         Fund           Pro-Shop Sales         \$ 122,383         \$ 122,383           Charges for Services         4,014,683         64,832           Refunds/Reimbursements         64,832         64,832           Green Fees         1,570,611         84,832           Rentals-Power Carts         565,697         86,832           Rentals-Miscellaneous         19,471         19,471           Concession Commissions         108,050         108,050           Total Operating Revenues         2,386,212         4,079,515           Operating Expenses           Cost of Sales         90,989         4,039,402           Premiums         15,441         15,441           Payroll Expenses         727,988         15,441           Golf Course Expenses         727,988         126,021           General and Administrative Expenses         141,349         222,824           Total Operating Expenses         2,388,703         4,277,667           Operating Income         (2,491)         (198,152)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         17,000         17,000         17,000		Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund		
Pro-Shop Sales         \$ 122,383         \$           Charges for Services         4,014,683           Refunds/Reimbursements         64,832           Green Fees         1,570,611           Rentals-Power Carts         565,697           Rentals-Miscellaneous         19,471           Concession Commissions         108,050           Total Operating Revenues         2,386,212         4,079,515           Operating Expenses           Claims Paid         4,039,402         15,441           Payroll Expenses         1,302,356         15,441           Golf Course Expenses         727,988         126,021           General and Administrative Expenses         141,349         222,824           Total Operating Expenses         2,388,703         4,277,667           Operating Income         (2,491)         (198,152)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			Insurance		
Charges for Services       4,014,683         Refunds/Reimbursements       64,832         Green Fees       1,570,611         Rentals - Power Carts       565,697         Rentals - Miscellaneous       19,471         Concession Commissions       108,050         Total Operating Revenues       2,386,212       4,079,515         Operating Expenses         Cost of Sales       90,989       4,039,402         Premiums       15,441       15,441         Payroll Expenses       727,988       126,021         Golf Course Expenses       126,021       222,824         Clubhouse and Pro-Shop Expenses       141,349       222,824         Total Operating Expenses       2,388,703       4,277,667         Operating Income       (2,491)       (198,152)	-	Ф. 122.202	Ф		
Refunds/Reimbursements         64,832           Green Fees         1,570,611           Rentals-Power Carts         565,697           Rentals-Miscellaneous         19,471           Concession Commissions         108,050           Total Operating Revenues         2,386,212         4,079,515           Operating Expenses           Cost of Sales         90,989         4,039,402           Premiums         15,441         15,441           Payroll Expenses         727,988         126,021           Golf Course Expenses         126,021         222,824           Clubhouse and Pro-Shop Expenses         141,349         222,824           Total Operating Expenses         2,388,703         4,277,667           Operating Income         (2,491)         (198,152)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         (2,491)         (198,152)		\$ 122,383			
Green Fees       1,570,611         Rentals-Power Carts       565,697         Rentals-Miscellaneous       19,471         Concession Commissions       108,050         Total Operating Revenues       2,386,212       4,079,515         Operating Expenses         Cost of Sales       90,989         Claims Paid       4,039,402         Premiums       15,441         Payroll Expenses       727,988         Golf Course Expenses       727,988         Clubhouse and Pro-Shop Expenses       126,021         General and Administrative Expenses       141,349       222,824         Total Operating Expenses       2,388,703       4,277,667         Operating Income       (2,491)       (198,152)         Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	_				
Rentals-Power Carts       565,697         Rentals-Miscellaneous       19,471         Concession Commissions       108,050         Total Operating Revenues       2,386,212       4,079,515         Operating Expenses         Cost of Sales       90,989         Claims Paid       4,039,402         Premiums       15,441         Payroll Expenses       727,988         Clubhouse and Pro-Shop Expenses       126,021         General and Administrative Expenses       141,349       222,824         Total Operating Expenses       2,388,703       4,277,667         Operating Income       (2,491)       (198,152)    Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			64,832		
Rentals-Miscellaneous       19,471         Concession Commissions       108,050         Total Operating Revenues       2,386,212       4,079,515         Operating Expenses         Cost of Sales       90,989         Claims Paid       4,039,402         Premiums       15,441         Payroll Expenses       727,988         Clubhouse and Pro-Shop Expenses       126,021         General and Administrative Expenses       141,349       222,824         Total Operating Expenses       2,388,703       4,277,667         Operating Income       (2,491)       (198,152)    Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)					
Concession Commissions         108,050           Total Operating Revenues         2,386,212         4,079,515           Operating Expenses           Cost of Sales         90,989           Claims Paid         4,039,402           Premiums         15,441           Payroll Expenses         727,988           Golf Course Expenses         727,988           Clubhouse and Pro-Shop Expenses         126,021           General and Administrative Expenses         141,349         222,824           Total Operating Expenses         2,388,703         4,277,667           Operating Income         (2,491)         (198,152)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)					
Total Operating Revenues         2,386,212         4,079,515           Operating Expenses         90,989         4,039,402           Claims Paid         4,039,402           Premiums         15,441           Payroll Expenses         727,988           Golf Course Expenses         727,988           Clubhouse and Pro-Shop Expenses         126,021           General and Administrative Expenses         141,349         222,824           Total Operating Expenses         2,388,703         4,277,667           Operating Income         (2,491)         (198,152)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)					
Operating Expenses           Cost of Sales         90,989           Claims Paid         4,039,402           Premiums         15,441           Payroll Expenses         727,988           Golf Course Expenses         727,988           Clubhouse and Pro-Shop Expenses         126,021           General and Administrative Expenses         141,349         222,824           Total Operating Expenses         2,388,703         4,277,667           Operating Income         (2,491)         (198,152)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)					
Cost of Sales       90,989         Claims Paid       4,039,402         Premiums       15,441         Payroll Expenses       1,302,356         Golf Course Expenses       727,988         Clubhouse and Pro-Shop Expenses       126,021         General and Administrative Expenses       141,349       222,824         Total Operating Expenses       2,388,703       4,277,667         Operating Income       (2,491)       (198,152)    Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	Total Operating Revenues	2,386,212	4,079,515		
Premiums         15,441           Payroll Expenses         1,302,356           Golf Course Expenses         727,988           Clubhouse and Pro-Shop Expenses         126,021           General and Administrative Expenses         141,349         222,824           Total Operating Expenses         2,388,703         4,277,667           Operating Income         (2,491)         (198,152)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		90,989			
Payroll Expenses       1,302,356         Golf Course Expenses       727,988         Clubhouse and Pro-Shop Expenses       126,021         General and Administrative Expenses       141,349       222,824         Total Operating Expenses       2,388,703       4,277,667         Operating Income       (2,491)       (198,152)    Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	Claims Paid		4,039,402		
Golf Course Expenses         727,988           Clubhouse and Pro-Shop Expenses         126,021           General and Administrative Expenses         141,349         222,824           Total Operating Expenses         2,388,703         4,277,667           Operating Income         (2,491)         (198,152)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	Premiums		15,441		
Clubhouse and Pro-Shop Expenses         126,021           General and Administrative Expenses         141,349         222,824           Total Operating Expenses         2,388,703         4,277,667           Operating Income         (2,491)         (198,152)   Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	Payroll Expenses	1,302,356			
General and Administrative Expenses         141,349         222,824           Total Operating Expenses         2,388,703         4,277,667           Operating Income         (2,491)         (198,152)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	Golf Course Expenses	727,988			
Total Operating Expenses         2,388,703         4,277,667           Operating Income         (2,491)         (198,152)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	Clubhouse and Pro-Shop Expenses	126,021			
Operating Income (2,491) (198,152)  Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	General and Administrative Expenses	141,349	222,824		
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	Total Operating Expenses	2,388,703	4,277,667		
	Operating Income	(2,491)	(198,152)		
(00.000)	Transfers In Governental Funds	(02.020)			
Interest Expense (92,020)	÷	(92,020)			
Bank Service Charges (4,919)	•				
Interest Revenue 18,610 78,533			78,533		
Gain on Sale of Equipment 257,354	2 2				
Miscellaneous Income 27,322		27,322			
Total Nonoperating Revenues					
(Expenses) 211,266 73,614	(Expenses)	211,266	73,614		
Change In Net Assets 208,775 (124,538)	Change In Net Assets	208.775	(124.538)		
Total Net Assets - Beginning 2,368,144 2,308,648					
Total Net Assets - Ending \$ 2,576,919 \$ 2,184,110					



## KENTON COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

#### KENTON COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
	Kenton County Golf Course	Health Insurance Fund	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Receipts From Customers	\$ 2,279,254	\$ 4,014,683	
Receipts from Commissions	107,450	Ψ +,01+,003	
Claims Paid	107,100	(4,039,402)	
Premiums Paid		(15,441)	
Administrative Fees		(222,824)	
Refunds		64,832	
Payments to Suppliers	(720,878)		
Payments to Employees	(1,281,895)		
Net Cash Provided By		(100 1 )	
Operating Activities	383,931	(198,152)	
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities			
Proceeds from Non-Operating Income	27,322		
Net Cash Provided By Noncapital			
Financing Activities	27,322		
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities	(15.252)		
Acquisition of Property and Equipment Payment of Long-Term Debt	(15,353) (390,000)		
Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt	(97,870)		
interest I aid on Long-Term Debt	(77,670)		
Net Cash Used By Capital and Related			
Financing Activities	(503,223)		
Cash Flows From Investing Activities			
Bank Service Charges	10.210	(4,919)	
Interest Earned	18,610	78,533	
Net Cash Provided By Investing Activities	18,610	73,614	
Net Change In Cash and Cash Equivalents	(73,360)	(124,538)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2005	336,054	2,308,648	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2006	\$ 262,694	\$ 2,184,110	

KENTON COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS -PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Continued)

	Ac	tivities - terprise	<b>A</b>	vernmental ctivities - Internal rvice Fund
Reconciliation of Net Income from Operations to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		ton County	In	Health surance Fund
Operating Income	\$	(2,491)	\$	(198,152)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating				
Income To Net Cash Provided (Used)				
By Operating Activities:				
Depreciation Expense		350,862		
Amortization		37,293		
Changes In Assets and Liabilities:				
Concession Receivable		(600)		
Inventory		(10,278)		
Accounts Payable		(11,502)		
Accrued Liabilites		19,555		
Gift Certificates Outstanding		1,092		
Net Cash Provided By Operating				
Activities	\$	383,931	\$	(198,152)

## KENTON COUNTY STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY FUND NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2006

## KENTON COUNTY STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY FUND NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

#### June 30, 2006

	Agency Funds			
	Fl	exible	Jail	
	Sp	ending	Inmate	
	Account Fund		Fund	
Assets		_		_
Current Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	9,446	\$	48,393
Total Assets		9,446		48,393
Liabilities				
Amounts Held In Custody For Others		9,446		48,393
Total Liabilities	\$	9,446	\$	48,393

## INDEX FOR NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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#### KENTON COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2006

#### **Note 1.** Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### A. Basis of Presentation

The County presents its government-wide and fund financial statements in accordance with a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this basis of accounting, assets, liabilities, and related revenues and expenditures are recorded when they result from cash transactions, with a few exceptions. This modified cash basis recognizes revenues when received and expenditures when paid. Notes receivable are recognized on the Statement of Net Assets, but notes receivable are not included and recognized on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds. Property tax receivables, accounts payable, compensated absences, and donated assets are not reflected in the financial statements. However, financial statements of the Kenton County Golf Course, an enterprise fund, and Kenton Housing, Inc. a discretely presented component unit, are prepared on the accrual basis in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however, encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance (Reserved for Encumbrances).

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the County to report capital assets and infrastructure; however, the value of these assets is included in the Statement of Net Assets, and the corresponding depreciation expense is included on the Statement of Activities.

#### **B.** Reporting Entity

The financial statements of Kenton County include the funds, agencies, boards, and entities for which the fiscal court is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as amended by GASB 14 and GASB 39, was determined on the basis of the government's ability to significantly influence operations, select the governing authority, participate in fiscal management and the scope of public service. Consequently, the reporting entity includes organizations that are legally separate from the primary government. Legally separate organizations are reported as component units if either the county is financially accountable or the organization's exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units may be blended or discretely presented. Blended component units either provide their services exclusively or almost entirely to the primary government, or their governing bodies are substantively the same as the primary government. All other component units are discretely presented.

#### **Blended Component Units**

The following legally separate organization provides its services exclusively to the primary government, and the fiscal court is able to impose its will on this organization. This organization's balances and transactions are reported as though they are part of the county's primary government using the blending method.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **B.** Reporting Entity (Continued)

Blended Component Units (Continued)

Kenton County Public Properties

The Board of Directors of the Kenton County Public Properties are the members of the Kenton County Fiscal Court. The Corporation was created solely for the benefit of the Fiscal Court per KRS 58.180 to act as an agent in the acquisition and financing of any public project and cannot be sued in its own name without recourse to the Kenton County Fiscal Court. The Fiscal Court has access to the Corporation's resources, is legally obligated to finance the debts, or provide financial support to the corporation. The Corporation is financially accountable to the Fiscal Court. This component unit is blended within the financial statements of the County.

Audited financial statements for the Kenton County Golf Course may be requested by contacting the Kenton County Treasurer, PO Box 792, 303 Court Street, Covington, KY 41012.

#### **Discretely Presented Component Unit**

The component unit column in the combined financial statements includes the data of the following organization. It is reported on the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities in a separate column that is labeled as "Component Units" to emphasize this organization's separateness from the fiscal court's primary government.

Kenton Housing, Inc.

Kenton Housing, Inc. (Rosedale Manor Nursing Home) is a discretely presented component unit. The land and the building are the property of Kenton County Public Properties. They are made available to the Facility so that long-term care is available in Kenton County.

Audited financial statements for Kenton Housing, Inc., a discretely presented component unit, may be requested by contacting Kenton Housing, Inc. at 4250 Glenn Avenue, Covington, KY 41015.

#### C. Kenton County Elected Officials

Kentucky law provides for election of the officials below from the geographic area constituting Kenton County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities, and special districts within the County, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. These financial statements are not required to be included in the financial statements of Kenton County, Kentucky.

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff

#### **Note 1.** Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government—wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its non-fiduciary component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activities has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type revenues come mostly from fees charged to external parties for goods and services. Fiduciary funds are not included in these financial statements due to the unavailability of fiduciary funds to aid in the support of government programs.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories:

1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt - consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets; 2) restricted net assets - resulting from constraints placed on net assets by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; and 3) unrestricted net assets - those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net assets or invested in capital assets.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Internally dedicated resources such as taxes and unrestricted state funds are reported as general revenues.

Generally and except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) October 1, due at discount October 31, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to lien and sale the 1<sup>st</sup> Tuesday in April following the delinquency date.

Funds are characterized as either major or non-major. Major funds are those whose assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least ten percent of the corresponding total (assets, liabilities, etc.) for all funds or type (governmental) and whose assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined. The fiscal court may also designate any fund as major.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the financial statements.

#### **Note 1.** Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

#### **Governmental Funds**

The primary government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the fiscal court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Governor's Office for Local Development requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Road Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary source of revenue for this fund is state payments for truck license distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Governor's Office for Local Development requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Jail Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the jail expenses of the County. The primary sources of revenue for this fund are reimbursements from the state and federal government, payments from other counties for housing prisoners, and transfers from the General Fund. The Governor's Office for Local Development requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Occupational License Tax Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the collection of occupational license and payroll taxes.

Debt Service Fund- The purpose of this fund is to account for payments of bonds and capital leases.

The primary government also has the following non-major funds: Local Government Economic Assistance Fund, Community Development Block Grant Fund, Special Police Fund, Jail Canteen Fund, and the Bond Proceeds Fund.

#### Special Revenue Funds:

The Road Fund, Jail Fund, Occupational License Tax Fund, Bond Proceeds Fund, Local Government Economic Assistance Fund, Community Development Block Grant Fund, Special Police Fund, and the Jail Canteen Fund are presented as special revenue funds. Special revenue funds are to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources and expenditures that are legally restricted for specific purposes.

#### Debt Service Fund:

The Debt Service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

#### **Note 1.** Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

#### **Proprietary Funds**

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. The principal operating revenues of the county's enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales at the Kenton County golf courses. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets.

The primary government reports the following major proprietary fund:

Kenton County Golf Course – The statements presented in this report are prepared on the accrual basis, whereby revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

#### **Internal Service Fund**

The primary government reports the following internal service fund:

Health Insurance Fund - The Fiscal Court maintains this internal service fund to account for the health insurance provided to employees.

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary funds report only those resources held in a trust or custodial capacity for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The primary government reports the following fiduciary funds:

Kenton County/Cities Tax Collection Fund - This fund accounts for payroll taxes received from businesses and remitted to the local cities and other county funds.

Jail Inmate Fund - This fund accounts for funds received from inmates after incarceration.

Flexible Spending Accounts Fund - This fund accounts for funds received from employees for their flexible spending accounts.

#### **Presentation of Component Units**

The financial statements present the following major discretely presented component unit: Kenton Housing, Inc.

It is reported on the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities in a separate total column that is labeled as Kenton Housing, Inc. to emphasize this organization's separateness from the fiscal court's primary government.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### E. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the County to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

#### F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, non-dependable land improvements, depreciable land improvements, buildings, furniture and office equipment, building improvements, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities of the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

Cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Land and Construction In Progress are not depreciated. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized. Capital assets and infrastructure are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation over the estimated useful life of the asset.

	Cap	italization	Useful Life	
	T1	hreshold	(Years)	
		·		
Land Improvements	\$	25,000	10-60 years	
Buildings and Building Improvements	\$	50,000	10-75 years	
Machinery and Equipment	\$	10,000	3-15 years	
Vehicles	\$	10,000	3-15 years	
Infrastructure	\$	25,000	10-50 years	

#### G. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable financial statements. The principal amount of bonds, notes, and financing obligations are reported.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period. The principal amount of the debt and interest are reported as expenditures. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures. Debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### H. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, the difference between the assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into reserved and unreserved components, with unreserved considered available for new spending. Unreserved fund balances may be divided into designated and undesignated portions. Designations represent fiscal court's intended use of the resources and should reflect actual plans approved by the fiscal court.

Governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose, long-term receivables, and encumbrances.

"Reserved for Encumbrances" are purchase orders that will be fulfilled in a subsequent fiscal period. Although the purchase order or contract creates a legal commitment, the fiscal court incurs no liability until performance has occurred on the part of the party with whom the fiscal court has entered into the arrangement. When a government intends to honor outstanding commitments in subsequent periods, such amounts are encumbered. Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however, encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance.

#### I. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the Governor's Office for Local Development.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the Governor's Office for Local Development. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

The Health Insurance Fund was not budgeted as health insurance premiums are budgeted in the other County funds. The Kenton County/Cities Tax Collection Fund was not budgeted as the County portion is budgeted in the Occupational License Tax Fund. The Jail Canteen Fund is not budgeted, as the County is not required to approve those expenditures. The Special Police Fund is not budgeted as those expenditures are budgeted and paid through the General Fund. The funds are then transferred from the Special Police Fund. The Bond Proceeds Fund is not budgeted as those funds are also budgeted through other funds and then transferred out of the Bond Proceeds Fund.

#### Note 2. Deposits and Investments

#### A. Deposits

The primary government and component units maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the county and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. These requirements were met.

#### Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41.240(4). As of June 30, 2006, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

#### **B.** Investments

As of June 30, 2006, the County had the following investments:

#### Cash and Investments by Type

I. Cash	Cost
Cash	\$ 9,009
Money Market	18,312
Total:	\$ 27,321
<b>T T A A</b>	Cost
II. Investments	< 1 Year
Agency Notes	\$ 500,000
Discount Notes	2,281,688
Total:	\$ 2,781,688
Total Investments	\$ 2,809,009

#### Note 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

#### **B.** Investments (Continued)

**Interest Rate Risk.** The County does not have a formal investment policy that limits its investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to losses arising from changes in interest rates.

Credit Risk. KRS 66.480 limits the County's investments in the following: obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, including obligations subject to repurchase agreements, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the United States or its agencies and obligations of any corporation of the United States Government. Certificates of Deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or similar entity. Uncollateralized certificates of deposit issued by any bank or savings and loan institution rated in one of the three highest categories by a nationally recognized rating agency. Bankers acceptances for banks rate in one of the three highest categories by a nationally recognized rating agency. Commercial paper rated in the highest category by a nationally recognized agency. Bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state and of its agencies and instrumentalities. Securities issued by a state or local government, or any instrumentality of agency thereof, in the United States and rated in one of the three highest categories by a nationally recognized rating agency. Shares of mutual funds meeting specific characteristics outlined in the statute shall be eligible investments. Also, the County is limited to investing no more than 20% in any one of four specifically named investments as allowed by KRS 66.480. The County had no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. In general, certificates of deposit are not subject to investment credit risk. See the chart below for credit ratings for each individual investment type.

Credit Ratings		C	Concentration of
	$\mathbf{A}\mathbf{A}\mathbf{A}$	Cost	Percentage
Fixed Income Investments:			
Agency and Discount Notes	\$ 2,781,688	\$ 2,781,688	100%
Total Investments	\$ 2,781,688	\$ 2,781,688	100%

**Concentration of Credit Risk.** Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the County's investment in a single issuer. See the chart above for investments that exceed five percent or more of the total investments for the County.

**Custodial Credit Risk.** For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments held in the possession of an outside party. The County does not have an investment policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2006, the County's investments were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Note 3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2006 was as follows:

	Reporting Entity								
		Restated Beginning Balance Increas			reases Decreases			Ending Balance	
Primary Government: Governmental Activities:									
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:									
Land and Land Improvements	\$	12,976,500	\$		\$		\$	12,976,500	
Total Capital Assets Not Being						·			
Depreciated		12,976,500						12,976,500	
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:									
<b>Buildings and Improvements</b>		86,544,043						86,544,043	
Vehicles and Equipment		8,315,979		839,642		(275,351)		8,880,270	
Infrastructure		10,927,876		573,410				11,501,286	
Total Capital Assets Being						·			
Depreciated		105,787,898		1,413,052		(275,351)		106,925,599	
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:									
<b>Buildings and Improvements</b>		(20,582,011)		(524,017)				(21,106,028)	
Vehicles and Equipment		(3,703,829)		(904,410)		237,597		(4,370,642)	
Infrastructure		(3,354,658)		(614,872)				(3,969,530)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(27,640,498)		(2,043,299)		237,597		(29,446,200)	
Total Capital Assets, Being									
Depreciated, Net		78,147,400		(630,247)		(37,754)		77,479,399	
Governmental Activities Capital									
Assets, Net	\$	91,123,900	\$	(630,247)	\$	(37,754)	\$	90,455,899	

#### **Note 3.** Capital Assets (Continued)

	Rep orting Entity							
	Beginning							Ending
	Balance			Increases	Ι	Decreases	Balance	
Business-Type Activities:								
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:								
Land and Land Improvements	\$	354,885	\$		\$		\$	354,885
Total Capital Assets Not Being								
Depreciated		354,885						354,885
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:								
Land Improvements		6,782,913		1,090				6,784,003
Buildings		1,044,812						1,044,812
Driveways		153,901						153,901
Power Carts		550,148		653,800		(546,287)		657,661
Machinery and Equipment		1,457,408		14,264				1,471,672
Furniture and Fixtures		131,574						131,574
Total Capital Assets Being								
Depreciated		10,120,756		669,154		(546,287)		10,243,623
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:								
Land Improvements		(3,721,195)		(210,395)				(3,931,590)
Buildings		(457,693)		(25,660)				(483,353)
Driveway		(147,522)		(3,889)				(151,411)
Power Carts		(509,738)		(59,750)		522,040		(47,448)
M achinary and Equipment		(1,363,791)		(51,075)				(1,414,866)
Furniture and Fixtures		(131,310)		(94)				(131,404)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(6,331,249)		(350,863)		522,040		(6,160,072)
Total Capital Assets, Being	-						-	
Depreciated, Net		3,789,507		318,291		(24,247)		4,083,551
Business-Type Activities Capital				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Assets, Net	\$	4,144,392	\$	318,291	\$	(24,247)	\$	4,438,436

#### **Note 3.** Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 341,622
Protection to Persons and Property	679,901
General Health and Sanitation	10,745
Recreation and Culture	35,826
Roads	733,238
Transportation Facilities	150,000
Road Facilities	11,325
Administration	 80,642
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 2,043,299
Business-Type Activities	
Golf Course	\$ 350,863
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	\$ 350,863

#### Note 4. Notes Receivable

#### Ft. Mitchell LLC

A receivable was due from Fort Mitchell Developers to the Community Development Block Grant Fund for loans made from grant funds. On May 20, 2005 the loan agreement was modified deferring the interest due on the loan. Interest due from the date of the loan has been added to the principal amount due, and future interest will be compounded quarterly. The total of interest and principal of \$388,819 shall be due and payable not later than December 31, 2006. This was subsequently paid in 2007.

#### Internal Receivable/Payable

The fiscal court paid \$372,200 toward the purchase of power carts for the Golf Course. Starting in fiscal year 2007, the Golf Course will make an interest-free payment each year for four years of \$93,050. This amount is included in the assets of governmental funds and the liabilities of enterprise funds. It is also included as an internal receivable and internal payable at the government-wide level, the net effect of which is zero.

#### Note 5. Long-Term Debt

#### A. Public Properties Corporation Fund - Courthouse Facilities Project Bond Issue

The Kenton County Public Properties Corporation issued first mortgage revenue bonds to provide funds for a courthouse facilities project dated June 1, 1998. The total bond issue of \$19,920,000 was in multiples of \$5,000 and integral multiples thereof. These bonds mature on March 1 of years between 2000 and 2029, with interest of 4.85% and 5.00% payable on March 1 and September 1 of each year. The bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2006 were \$17,450,000. Bank of New York is the paying agent. The debt service requirements for future fiscal years are as follows:

	Governmental Activities				
Fiscal Year Ended					
June 30	I	Principal		Interest	
2007	\$	425,000	\$	868,168	
2008		445,000		847,556	
2009		465,000		825,972	
2010		490,000		803,420	
2011		515,000		779,656	
2012-2016		2,970,000		3,193,643	
2017-2021		3,790,000		2,974,750	
2022-2026		4,835,000		1,627,500	
2027-2029		3,515,000		357,251	
Totals	\$ 1	7,450,000	\$ 1	2,277,916	

#### B. Public Properties Corporation Fund - Parking Facilities Project Bond Issue:

The Kenton County Public Properties Corporation issued first mortgage revenue bonds to provide funds for a parking facilities project dated December 1, 1996. The total bond issue of \$17,400,000 was in denominations of \$5,000 and integral multiples thereof. These bonds mature on December 1 of years between 1998 and 2016, with interest of 4.5% to 5.7% payable on June 1 and December 1 of each year. However, bonds with due dates of fiscal year 2008 and later were refunded by the issuance of General Obligation Bond - Various Purpose Bond Series 2004B. The debt service requirements for future fiscal years are as follows:

	Governmental Activities				
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	F	Principal	Interest		
2007	\$	800,000	\$	20,400	
Totals	\$	800,000	\$	20,400	

#### Note 5. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

#### C. General Obligation Bond-Various Purpose Bond Series 2004A

The Kenton County Fiscal Court issued a general obligation bond to provide funds for various County road projects; modifications to the County detention center and acquisition of mobile data terminal network and installation dated December 9, 2003. The total bond issue of \$9,000,000 was in denominations of \$5,000 and integral multiples thereof. These bonds mature on June 30 of years between 2005 and 2014, with interest of 2.0% to 3.5% payable on June 30 of each year. The bonds outstanding on June 30, 2006 were \$7,375,000. Huntington National Bank is the paying agent and bond registrar. The debt service requirements for future fiscal years are as follows:

	Governmental Activities				
Fiscal Year Ended					
June 30		Principal	Interest		
2007	\$	845,000	\$	205,912	
2008		860,000		187,787	
2009		875,000		167,175	
2010		895,000		142,813	
2011		930,000		114,857	
2012-2014		2,970,000		155,325	
Totals	\$	7,375,000	\$	973,869	

#### D. General Obligation Bond - Various Purpose Series 2004B

The Kenton County fiscal Court issued \$15,990,000 of its Various Purpose General Obligation (GO) Bonds, 2004 Series B, for the purpose of advance refunding a portion of the Kenton County, Kentucky, Public Properties Corporation First Mortgage Revenue Bonds (Parking Facilities Project) 1996 Series A, to advance refund a portion of Kenton County, Kentucky, Public Properties Corporation First Mortgage Revenue Bonds (Park and Recreational Facilities Project) 1995 Series A, and to reimburse the County for funds used to repay amounts due and owing under a Lease Participation Agreement by and between the Kentucky Local Correctional Facilities Construction Authority and the County of Kenton, Kentucky, acting by and through its Fiscal Court dates as of October 15, 1984 as amended February 15, 1987 and amended on February 1, 1994, ("Collectively the Refunding"). The bonds were issued in denominations of \$5,000 each and integral multiples thereof. The bonds mature on December 1 of years 2005 through 2016, with interest of 2.0% to 4.0% payable on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The bonds outstanding on June 30, 2006 were \$15,575,000. The Bank of New York Trust Company, Cincinnati, Ohio is paying agent and Bond Registrar.

#### Note 5. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

#### D. General Obligation Bond - Various Purpose Series 2004B (Continued)

The debt service requirements for future fiscal years are as follows:

	Governmental Activities								
Fiscal Year Ended									
June 30	Principal	Interest							
2007	\$ 575,000	\$ 498,391							
2008	1,395,000	474,485							
2009	1,430,000	435,598							
2010	1,470,000	392,098							
2011	1,510,000	347,198							
2012-2017	9,195,000	990,141							
Totals	\$ 15,575,000	\$ 3,137,911							

#### E. Mortgage Revenue Refunding Bond, Series 1997

The Kenton County, Kentucky, Public Parks Corporation issued bonds dated September 1, 1997 in the amount of \$4,690,000. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used to advance refund the outstanding mortgage revenue bonds, series 1990, of the Corporation, dated March 1, 1990, which were issued to pay the costs of construction, acquisition, and installation of the Fox Run Golf Course.

Requirements for principal and interest payments for the next five years and thereafter are:

	Business-Type Activities							
Fiscal Year Ended June 30		Principal		Interest				
2007 2008	\$	410,000 430,000	\$	80,320 61,870				
2009 2010		445,000 470,000		42,090 21,620				
	\$	1,755,000	\$	205,900				

#### **Note 5.** Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2006, was as follows:

	I	Beginning Balance	Addi	tions	Re	eductions	Ending Balance	ue Within One Year
Primary Government:								
Governmental Activities:								
Long-Term Debt	\$	43,745,000	\$		\$	2,545,000	\$ 41,200,000	\$ 2,645,000
Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$	43,745,000	\$	0	\$	2,545,000	\$ 41,200,000	\$ 2,645,000
Business-Type Activities:								
Mortgage Revenue Bonds-1997	\$	2,145,000	\$		\$	390,000	\$ 1,755,000	\$ 410,000
Business-Type Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$	2,145,000	\$	0	\$	390,000	\$ 1,755,000	\$ 410,000

#### Note 6. Interest On Long-Term Debt and Financing Obligations

Debt Service on the Statement of Activities includes \$1,685,861 in interest on bonds.

#### Note 7. Employee Retirement System

The County has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute. Non-hazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for non-hazardous employees was 10.98 percent. Hazardous covered employees are required to contribute 8 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for hazardous employees was 25.01 percent.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for non-hazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for non-hazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Aspects of benefits for hazardous employees include retirement after 20 years of service or age 55.

Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

#### **Note 8.** Deferred Compensation

On February 24, 2000, the Kenton County Fiscal Court voted to allow all eligible employees to participate in deferred compensation plans administered by the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority. The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority is authorized under KRS 18A.230 to 18A.275 to provide administration of tax-sheltered supplemental retirement plans for all state, public school, and university employees and employees of local political subdivisions that have elected to participate.

These deferred compensation plans permit all full-time employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Participation by eligible employees in the deferred compensation plans is voluntary.

Historical trend information showing the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority at 101 Sea Hero Road, Suite 110, Frankfort, KY 40601-8862, or by telephone at (502) 573-7925.

#### Note 9. Self-Insurance

The Kenton County Fiscal Court elected to begin a self-funded liability and health insurance plan in April of 1992. This self-funded plan covers all employees and county property. The County elected to purchase a stop-loss insurance policy from United Healthcare Insurance Company to cover losses from individual and aggregate claims once the County reached the individual and aggregate attachment points. Employees are required to assume liability for claims in excess of maximum lifetime reimbursements established by the insurance company.

Kenton County Fiscal Court contracts with Custom Design Benefits, Inc. for administration of the health insurance fund. They contract with Alternative Service Concepts, LLC to administer liability and worker's compensation claims.

#### Note 10. Prior Period Adjustments - Governmental Activities

The beginning balance of Vehicles and Equipment in Governmental Activities Capital Assets was adjusted \$517,155 to include Sheriff's vehicles. The corresponding depreciation was adjusted upward by \$371,106. As required by GASB 34, the beginning balance of Infrastructure in Governmental Activities Capital Assets was adjusted by \$10,361,017 to include all infrastructure owned by the County. The corresponding depreciation was adjusted by \$3,354,658. The beginning net asset balance was also adjusted to include a notes receivable totaling \$388,819 that was omitted in the prior year.

#### Note 11. Estimated Infrastructure Historical Cost

Historical cost of infrastructure placed in service prior to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004 (year of GASB 34 implementation) is an estimate. For those assets, the primary government estimated the year infrastructure was built by determining when a major reconstruction had been done on infrastructure. This estimate was used to calculate the infrastructure historical cost by determining current year construction cost and deflating it back to the estimated year of construction or reconstruction. Estimated infrastructure historical cost includes infrastructure placed in service from fiscal year 1984 through the current fiscal year. All infrastructure assets placed in service during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003 and thereafter are recorded at actual historical cost.

#### Note 12. Proposed New Jail Site

Kenton County has purchased some land near Independence for the construction of a new jail. The Kentucky Attorney General issued an opinion that the Kenton County Fiscal Court acted improperly when it called closed-door meetings to discuss the acquiring of land for a new jail. As a result of this opinion, the Kenton County Fiscal Court met on April 10, 2007 in an open meeting to ratify, reaffirm, and adopt as binding the execution of the purchase in December 2006. The Fiscal Court did follow proper purchasing procedures for the actual purchase. As of November 7, 2007, another possible site is under consideration.

# KENTON COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2006

# KENTON COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

#### For The Year Ended June 30, 2006

CFI	NER	ΔT	FI	IN	n

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	A 12 227 000	A 12 227 000	<b>4.12.001.771</b>	<b>* * * * * * * * * *</b>
Taxes	\$ 13,337,000	\$ 13,337,000	\$ 13,881,554	\$ 544,554
In Lieu Tax Payments	25,000	25,000	24,236	(764)
Excess Fees	1,475,000	1,475,000	1,524,168	49,168
Licenses and Permits	44,500	44,500	128,946	84,446
Intergovernmental	1,243,500	1,243,500	3,744,167	2,500,667
Charges for Services	2,385,500	2,385,500	2,431,753	46,253
M iscellaneous	2,869,500	2,869,500	1,559,967	(1,309,533)
Interest	217,000	217,000	296,878	79,878
Total Revenues	21,597,000	21,597,000	23,591,669	1,994,669
EXPENDITURES				
General Government	3,676,985	3,425,120	3,770,491	(345,371)
Protection to Persons and Property	4,902,872	5,275,993	4,630,868	645,125
General Health and Sanitation	599,106	622,667	534,199	88,468
Social Services	271,500	271,500	221,235	50,265
Recreation and Culture		27,675	27,675	
Debt Service	13,576,576	13,393,176		13,393,176
Capital Projects	1,205,200	1,216,108	1,126,956	89,152
Administration	7,707,261	7,707,261	5,129,071	2,578,190
Total Expenditures	31,939,500	31,939,500	15,440,495	16,499,005
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(10,342,500)	(10,342,500)	8,151,174	18,493,674
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
KARP Note	12,000,000	12,000,000		(12,000,000)
Transfers From Other Funds			672,369	672,369
Transfers To Other Funds	(6,557,500)	(6,557,500)	(9,657,203)	(3,099,703)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	5,442,500	5,442,500	(8,984,834)	(14,427,334)
Net Changes in Fund Balance	(4,900,000)	(4,900,000)	(833,660)	4,066,340
Fund Balance - Beginning	4,900,000	4,900,000	6,205,649	1,305,649
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 5,371,989	\$ 5,371,989

#### KENTON COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Continued)

	ROAD FUND								
	Budge Original	eted Amounts Fina	al	Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)	F	uriance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES						<u> </u>			
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,422,50	00 \$ 1,42	22,500	\$ 1,959,187	\$	536,687			
Charges for Services	480,00	00 48	80,000	391,895		(88,105)			
Miscellaneous	98,00	00	98,000	193,242		95,242			
Interest	10,00	00	10,000	51,771		41,771			
Total Revenues	2,010,50	00 2,01	10,500	2,596,095		585,595			
EXPENDITURES									
Recreation and Culture	806,63	32 85	50,561	656,417		194,144			
Transportation Facilities and Services	129,15	58 13	34,297	133,591		706			
Roads	4,182,50	00 4,24	47,219	2,596,517		1,650,702			
Road Facilities	1,146,92	20 1,20	05,370	1,039,572		165,798			
Administration	1,234,79	90 1,06	52,553	950,617		111,936			
Total Expenditures	7,500,00	7,50	00,000	5,376,714		2,123,286			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other									
Financing Sources (Uses)	(5,489,50	00) (5,48	89,500)	(2,780,619)	-	2,708,881			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Bond Proceeds	1,168,64	48 1,16	68,648			(1,168,648)			
Transfers From Other Funds	4,120,85	52 4,12	20,852	4,120,852					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	5,289,50	5,28	89,500	4,120,852		(1,168,648)			
Net Changes in Fund Balance	(200,00	00) (20	00,000)	1,340,233		1,540,233			
Fund Balance - Beginning	200,00	00 20	00,000	83,333		(116,667)			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0 \$	0	\$ 1,423,566	\$	1,423,566			

#### KENTON COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Continued)

JAIL FUND Actual Variance with Amounts, Final Budget **Budgeted Amounts** (Budgetary Positive Original Final Basis) (Negative) **REVENUES** Intergovernmental 1,976,000 1,976,000 2,320,112 \$ 344,112 50,000 50,000 41,997 Charges for Services (8,003)M iscellaneous 496,000 496,000 497,520 1,520 10,000 10,000 74,537 64,537 Interest 2,532,000 2,532,000 2,934,166 402,166 **Total Revenues EXPENDITURES** Protection to Persons and Property 4,964,946 5,165,900 4,481,842 684,058 Administration 2,335,054 2,134,100 2,000,366 133,734 817,792 Total Expenditures 7,300,000 7,300,000 6,482,208 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses) (4,768,000)(4,768,000)(3,548,042)1,219,958 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 4,368,000 (368,000)Transfers From Other Funds 4,368,000 4,000,000 Transfers To Other Funds (42,543)(42,543)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 4,368,000 4,368,000 3,957,457 (410,543)Net Changes in Fund Balance (400,000)(400,000)409,415 809,415 400,000 400,000 Fund Balance - Beginning 380,749 (19,251)Fund Balance - Ending 0 790,164 \$ 790,164

#### KENTON COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Continued)

#### OCCUPATIONAL LICENSE TAX FUND

	OCCUPATIONAL LICENSE TAX FUND							
		Budgeted	ounts	Actual Amounts, (Budgetary			riance with inal Budget Positive	
		Original		Final		Basis)	(	Negative)
REVENUES				_		_		
Taxes	\$	10,500,000	\$	10,500,000	\$	11,319,254	\$	819,254
Intergovernmental		575,000		575,000		1,510,418		935,418
M is cellaneous		125,000		125,000		152,643		27,643
Interest		100,000		100,000		273,514		173,514
Total Revenues		11,300,000		11,300,000		13,255,829		1,955,829
EXPENDITURES								
General Health and Sanitation		2,824,661		2,824,661		1,403,140		1,421,521
Social Services		4,423,412		4,423,412		883,985		3,539,427
Bus Services		7,400,547		7,790,547		7,208,932		581,615
Other Transportation Facilities and Services		2,585,530		2,195,530				2,195,530
Administration		200,000		200,000		151,192		48,808
Total Expenditures		17,434,150		17,434,150	_	9,647,249		7,786,901
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)		(6,134,150)		(6,134,150)		3,608,580		9,742,730
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers To Other Funds						(1,936,448)		(1,936,448)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						(1,936,448)		(1,936,448)
Net Changes in Fund Balances		(6,134,150)		(6,134,150)		1,672,132		7,806,282
Fund Balances - Beginning		6,134,150		6,134,150		6,424,917		290,767
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	8,097,049	\$	8,097,049

## KENTON COUNTY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### June 30, 2006

#### **Budgetary Information**

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the Governor's Office for Local Development.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the Governor's Office for Local Development. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE ROAD FUND

Revenues Per Budgetary Basis	\$ 2,596,095
Proceeds From Sale Of Capital Assets	(28,800)
Revenues Per Statement Of Revenues, Expenditures, And Changes In Fund Balances	2,567,295
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Per Budgetary Basis	4,120,852
Proceeds From Sale Of Capital Assets	28,800
Revenues Per Statement Of Revenues, Expenditures, And Changes In Fund Balances	\$ 4,149,652



# KENTON COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2006

# KENTON COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

#### June 30, 2006

		LGEA CDBG Fund Fund						Jail anteen Fund
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	16,696	\$	224,708	\$	118,757	\$	40,166
Due From County Golf Cou	rse			372,200				
Total Assets		16,696		596,908		118,757		40,166
FUND BALANCES								
Unreserved:								
Special Revenue Funds		16,696		596,908		118,757		40,166
Total Fund Balances	\$	16,696	\$	596,908	\$	118,757	\$	40,166

KENTON COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS -MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information June 30, 2006

Bond Proceeds Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
\$ 1,552,442	\$ 1,952,769 372,200
1,552,442	2,324,969
1,552,442	2,324,969
\$ 1,552,442	\$ 2,324,969



#### KENTON COUNTY

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

For The Year Ended June 30, 2006

#### KENTON COUNTY

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

#### For The Year Ended June 30, 2006

	 LGEA Fund	 CDBG Fund	Special Police Fund	_	Jail anteen Fund
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental	\$ 29,520	\$ 4,000	\$ 40,828	\$	
M is cellaneous					41,545
Interest	253	22,646	5,429		
Total Revenues	29,773	26,646	46,257		41,545
EXPENDITURES					
General Government		4,000			
Protection to Persons and Property			1,827		32,512
Roads	24,100				
Total Expenditures	 24,100	4,000	1,827		32,512
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over					
Expenditures	 5,673	 22,646	 44,430		9,033
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers To Other Funds			(54,825)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			(54,825)		
Net Change in Fund Balances	5,673	22,646	(10,395)		9,033
Fund Balances - Beginning	11,023	574,262	129,152		31,133
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 16,696	\$ 596,908	\$ 118,757	\$	40,166

# KENTON COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information For The Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Continued)

Bond Proceeds Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
\$ 12,379 12,379	\$ 74,348 41,545 40,707 156,600
	4,000 34,339 24,100 62,439
12,379	94,161
(1,331,352) (1,331,352) (1,318,973)	(1,386,177) (1,386,177) (1,292,016)
2,871,415 1,552,442	3,616,985 \$ 2,324,969



## KENTON COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2006

#### KENTON COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

#### A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses a qualified opinion on the Kenton County Golf Course, a business type activity and major enterprise fund, and Kenton Housing, Inc., a discretely presented component unit of Kenton County, Kentucky. The auditor's report also expresses an unqualified opinion on the governmental activities, each major governmental fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Kenton County.
- 2. No reportable conditions relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Independent Auditor's Report.
- 3. Two instances of noncompliance were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No reportable conditions relating to the audit of the major federal awards programs are reported in the Independent Auditor's Report.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the audit of the major federal awards programs for Kenton County expresses an unqualified opinion.
- 6. There are no audit findings relative to the major federal awards programs for Kenton County reported in Part C of this schedule.
- 7. The program tested as a major program was: Help America Vote Act (CFDA #90.401).
- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$300,000.
- 9. Kenton County was not determined to be a low-risk auditee.

#### B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

#### STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

#### 2006-1 The County Judge/Executive Should Receive His Statutory Maximum

The County Judge/Executive only received a salary for the first three pay periods in 2005. On February 22, 2005, the Fiscal Court passed Resolution 05-04. This resolution granted the request of the Judge/Executive to voluntarily reduce his level of compensation to \$1 per year for an indeterminate period of time, and that balance of his salary shall be approved for the establishment of a Community Improvement Grant Program in the office of the County Judge/Executive from which grant awards will be made for projects to provide direct benefit to the citizens of Kenton County, a record of which shall become a part of the Claims List for review when grants are awarded. Therefore, the Judge/Executive received a salary of \$8,833 for the calendar year 2005 and \$1 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. To date, he still does not take a salary directly. KRS 64.535 requires that the Judge/Executive receive a monthly salary of one-twelfth (1/12) of the amount indicated by the salary schedule in KRS 64.5275. Based on this schedule, the County Judge/Executive was underpaid \$74,207 for the calendar year 2005 and his entire salary of \$89,978 (less \$1) for calendar year 2006. We recommend the Fiscal Court pay the Judge/Executive the amount owed him and that they comply with this statute in the future. This statute cannot be overridden through a Fiscal Court Resolution. The Judge should receive his salary with the proper deductions and contributions to retirement. He then can donate whatever he wishes to the Community Improvement Grant Program.

County Judge/Executive Ralph Drees' Response: Judge advises – put it in the audit.

KENTON COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Continued

#### B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT (Continued)

#### STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS (Continued)

2006-2 The County Should Secure A Contract Between Themselves And Other Governmental Entities For Whom County Employees Are Performing Financial Services

It came to the auditor's attention that there are several high level county employees performing financial services for other governmental entities on county time and being compensated by those entities, in addition to receiving their regular county salaries with the additional compensation not being included on their W-2s nor subsequent 1099s being issued.

Upon investigation, we noted that three employees were doing work for the Co-op Extension Center, and one of the three was also doing work for the Northern Kentucky Drug Strike Force and the Linden Grove Cemetery. From fiscal year 2003 through fiscal year 2007, one of the employees received \$3,400 for work on the Co-op Extension Center, and the third employee received \$6,300 for work on the Co-op Extension Center, and the third employee received \$6,300 for work on the Co-op Extension Center, \$4,260 for work on the Linden Grove Cemetery, and \$31,500 for work on the Northern Kentucky Drug Strike Force. These entities are not affiliated with, nor are they component units of the Kenton County Fiscal Court. However, these employees were using the county's computer system, office space, and resources for their records. We could not determine whether or not the involved employees were working on the county's time since there are no time records to indicate the hours worked for these entities. This situation has not only occurred in the year being audited, but also has occurred in fiscal year 2007 and fiscal year 2008, as well as in the past.

We recommend the county enter into a contract with the involved entities to do this work if county employees and the county data system are to be utilized. We also recommend that no extra compensation be given to county employees for the performance of this work. Any compensation received from these entities should be considered a reimbursement to the county for the use of the county's resources. If county employees work overtime to do this, they should be paid overtime like they would be paid for any other county work. For payments already received in 2007, a 1099 should be issued from these entities to the involved employees. We are referring this matter to the Kenton County Attorney for his determination if further investigation is warranted.

County Judge/Executive Ralph Drees' Response: Issue has been resolved with Northern Kentucky Drug Strike Force and issue has been resolved with Co-op taking over responsibility for their own bookkeeping.

#### C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARDS PROGRAM AUDIT

None

#### D. SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

County Judge/Executive Should Receive His Statutory Maximum.

This comment has not been corrected and is repeated as comment #2006-1.

## KENTON COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2006

## KENTON COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

#### Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Federal Grantor			
Program Title	Pass-Through		
Grant Name (CFDA #)	Grantor's Number	Expe	nditures
Cash Programs:			
U.S. Elections Assistance Commission			
Passed Through State Board of			
Elections:			
Help America Vote Act	Title III	\$	601,447
Requirements Payments			
(CFDA #90.401)			
U.S. Department of Justice			
Passed Through The Kentucky Justice			
And Public Safety Cabinet:			
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice	2005DJBX0629		129,860
Assistance Grant Program			
(CFDA #16.580)			
U.S. Department of Homeland Security			
Passed Through Kentucky Office			
Of Homeland Security:			
Citizen Corp Program	M-04615418		6,317
(CFDA #97.053)			
State and Local Homeland Security	M-04615368		1,667
Training Program			
(CFDA #97.005)			
Passed Through State Department			
Of Military Affairs:	3.5.04.4. <del>5</del> 00.5		
Homeland Security	M-04647883		2,500
Grant Program			
(CFDA #97.004)	14.05020002		17.410
Emergency Management Performance Grant	M-05029993		17,410
(CFDA #97.042)			
Total Department of Homeland Security			27,894

#### **KENTON COUNTY** SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Continued)

Federal Grantor

Program Title Grant Name (CFDA #)	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Exp	enditures
Cash Programs:			
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			
Passed Through The Governor's Office For Local Development (GOLD): Community Development Block Grant/ State's Program - Kenton County Water Expansion Project (CFDA #14.228)	B-97-DC-21-0001 (021)	\$	4,000
Total Cash Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$	763,201

#### KENTON COUNTY NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Note 1 - The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Kenton County, Kentucky and is presented on a modified cash basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations</u>.



## REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



## CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Ralph Drees, Kenton County Judge/Executive Members of the Kenton County Fiscal Court

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Kenton County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents and have issued our report thereon dated November 7, 2007. The business-type activities, discretely presented component unit, and the Kenton County Golf Course, a major enterprise fund, were qualified because the financial statements of the Kenton County Golf Course and Kenton Housing, Inc. have been prepared under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Kenton County presents its financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. We did not audit the Kenton County Golf Course, a major enterprise fund, or Kenton Housing, Inc., a discretely presented component unit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Kenton County's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

#### **Compliance And Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Kenton County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts.



Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

#### Compliance And Other Matters (Continued)

However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

2006-1 The County Judge/Executive Should Receive His Statutory Maximum

2006-2 The County Should Secure A Contract Between Themselves And Other Governmental Entities For Whom County Employees Are Performing Financial Services

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and the Kentucky Governor's Office for Local Development and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

**Auditor of Public Accounts** 

November 7, 2007

## REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133



## CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Ralph Drees, Kenton County Judge/Executive Members of the Kenton County Fiscal Court

Report On Compliance With Requirements Applicable To Each Major Program And On Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Circular A-133

#### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Kenton County, Kentucky, with the types of compliance requirements described in the <u>U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement</u> that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2006. Kenton County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Kenton County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Kenton County's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States</u>, <u>Local Governments</u>, and <u>Non-Profit Organizations</u>. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Kenton County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Kenton County's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Kenton County complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2006.

#### **Internal Control Over Compliance**

The management of Kenton County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Kenton County's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.



Report On Compliance With Requirements Applicable To Each Major Program And On Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Circular A-133 (Continued)

#### <u>Internal Control Over Compliance</u> (Continued)

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants caused by error or fraud that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

November 7, 2007

### CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

#### KENTON COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

#### CERTIFICATON OF COMPLIANCE

#### LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

#### KENTON COUNTY FISCAL COURT

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

The Kenton County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Assistance Fund was expended for the purpose intended, as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

Name
Judge Executive

Name

**County Treasurer**